NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Inter-National Park Service

36~ 37E 11,14

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and parrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	
historic name Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls	
other names/site number WSDOT 395/545	
2. Location	
street & number <u>U.S. Route 395</u> , spanning the Columbia River	not for publication
city or town Kettle Falls	xx vicinity
state <u>Washington</u> code <u>WA</u> county <u>Ferry and Stevens</u> code <u>019</u> , z	zip code <u>99141</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinic meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significationally. Statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)	onal Register of on, the property
Signature of certifying official/Title Date	, .
State of Federal agency and bureau	
Citate of Foodial agency and parents	
In my opinion, the property \square meets \square does not meet the National Register criteria. { \square See continuation shee comments.)	t for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau	
4. National Park Service Certification	<u> </u>
I hereby certify that the property is: Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
☐ entered in the National Register. ☐ See continuation sheet.	
☐ determined eligible for the National Register ☐ See continuation sheet.	
determined not eligible for the National Register.	
removed from the National Register.	
other, (explain:)	

Columbia River Bridge Name of Property	<u>at Kettle Falls</u>	County and State				
5. Classification						
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)				
☐ private ☐ public-local ☑ public-State	☐ building(s) ☐ district ☐ site	Contributing Noncontributing but	uildings			
☐ public-Federal	⊠ structure □ object	sit	tes ructures			
•		ot	bjects			
Name of related multiple pr (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of "Bridges of Washingto "Historic Bridges & T	operty listing of a multiple property listing) on State, 1941-1950" Cunnels in Washington St	Number of contributing resources previous in the National Register	otal Iy listed			
6. Function or Use						
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)				
Transportation/road-re	elated/bridge	Transportation/road-related/bridge				
	ì					
7. Description		10 A 1-1-				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)				
Other: steel through	n truss	foundation				
		walls				
		roof				
		other steel				
		aanarata				

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Record # _____

Olumbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls Name of Property	Ferry/Stevens, Washington County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property less than one acre	,
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 1 1 4 1 7 7 3 0 5 2 7 6 2 6 0 Northing 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Zone Easting Northing 4
Verbal Boundary Description The property is a bridge (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.) River	on U.S. Route 395, and connecting Ferry and
Boundary Justification The boundary of the property (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	is counties, Washington. is the bridge itself.
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Robert H. Krier, J. Byron Barber, Robi	n Bruce, Craig Holstine
organization AHS, Eastern Washington University	date 3 December 1991
street & number MS-168 Monroe Hall	telephone(509)359-2284
city or townCheney	_ stateWA zip code _99004
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the pr	roperty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	g large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the pr	roperty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner (Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name	
street & number	telephone
city or town	

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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7. Physical Description.

The total length of the Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls (completed in 1941) is 1,266 feet 10.5 inches. The structure consists of a cantilever concrete T-beam and two concrete T-beam approach spans on the east end, one concrete T-beam and one concrete cantilever T-beam approach spans on the west end, and a riveted steel through cantilever truss main span. The total length of the concrete T-beam approach spans is 143 feet 2.5 inches on the east end and 73 feet on the west end, for a total of 216 feet 2.5 inches. The steel portion of the structure is 1,050 feet 8 inches long and consists of two anchor spans each 225 feet 4 inches long, two cantilever spans each 150 feet long, and suspended span 300 feet long. the central span is 600 feet long between main piers, making it the longest main span of any bridge built in Washington between 1941 and 1950.

The bridge has a nearly horizontal top chord and sloped bottom chords for the anchor spans and cantilever spans. This type of configuration is cost effective when compared to a straight bottom chord and sloped top chord because it reduces the height of the main piers. An unusual feature of this bridge is the use of sloping reinforced concrete struts running from the top of the first bent of the approach span to the bottom of the first pier of the steel structure to provide longitudinal stability to the top of the first bent. As this bent is approximately 90 feet high and the roadway fill is approximately 75 feet deep, the use of the sloping struts was an economical way of providing longitudinal support to the top of the bent to resist the forces induced by the fill.

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8. Statement of Significance.

The Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places under Criteria A and C. Completed in 1941, the bridge connects Ferry and Stevens counties, Washington. The structure is significant in several regards. This steel truss bridge crosses one of the most historic features in the region, the Kettle Falls of the Columbia, now inundated. Waters behind Grand Coulee Dam (Lake Roosevelt) cover the falls where Native American peoples gathered to fish and trade for thousands of years. What was once a destination point is now a crossing on two of the state's major highways: State Route 20, traversing the Okanogan Highlands and the North Cascades, and U.S. Route 395, connecting southern British Columbia with Spokane and points east and south. (The same roadway serves as US 395 and SR 20 between the bridge and Colville, Washington.) In addition to its historical significance, the bridge is also important for engineering and design features. Use of sloping struts to provide longitudinal support to resist weight and pressure induced by massive fill represent the successful realization of innovative design concepts.

Construction of the Grand Coulee Dam and formation of Lake Roosevelt necessitated the building of two new bridges across the Columbia River and its tributaries. the largest of these was the bridge at Kettle Falls on Primary State Highway No. 3, now US 395. This bridge replaced an older structure which would be nearly inundated by the backwaters of the Grand Coulee Dam. The abutments of the older bridge are still clearly visible above high water. The present bridge was built at a higher clearance to allow high water runoff and navigable passage beneath. The replacement of the older bridge was a part of one of the largest projects undertaken by the federal government in this century, the Columbia Basin Project.

Construction cost for the bridge was approximately \$452,000. he U.S. Bureau of Reclamation reimbursed the State of Washington for all costs associated with the bridge as part of the Grand coulee Dam-Columbia Basin Project. Integration of sloping struts (nearly horizontal top chord and sloped bottom chords for the anchor and cantilever spans) into the bridge design provided a cost-effective innovation. The design reduced the height of the main piers, thus contributing to the savings in material expenses. Lacey V. Murrow was the Director of Highways at the time the Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls was built. R. W. Finke was the Bridge Engineer. S. S. Mullen & Company was the contractor for the concrete approaches ad main piers, and Romano & Company was the contractor for the steel span.

The bridge both illustrates, and is representative of, the magnitude of the projects that characterized the Columbia Basin Project, one of the country's most monumental federal undertakings. The Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls occupies a vital and strategic crossing in the transportation network of western United States and Canada, as well as exemplifies ingenious design concepts.

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9. Major Bibliographical References.

Ruby, Robert H., and John A. Brown. Ferryboats on the Columbia River. Seattle: Superior Publishing Company, 1974.

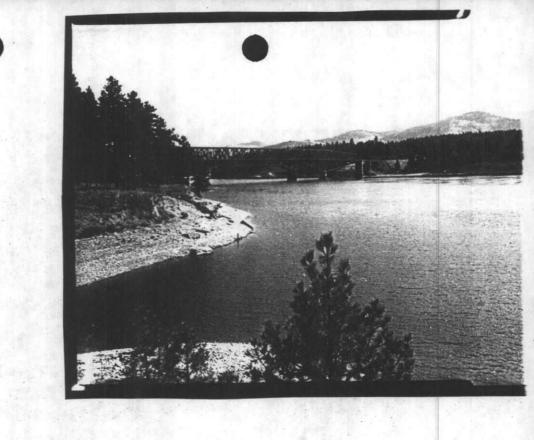
Washington State Department of Highways. Biennial Reports, 1946-1948, 1948-1950.

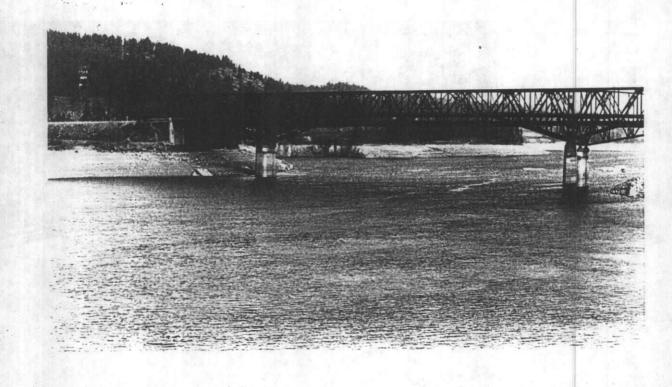
Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT). Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls plans (layout), revision dated 22 March 1940, on file in the Bridge Preservation Office, WSDOT, Olympia, Washington.

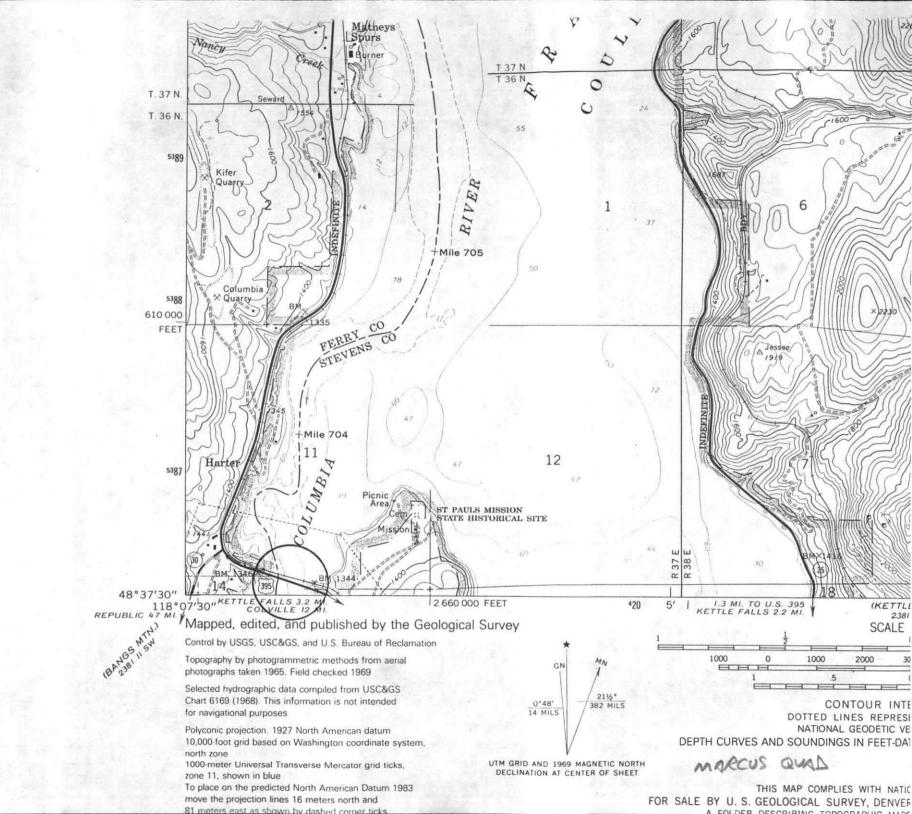
WSDOT. "Bridge Condition Card—Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls," 18 February 1940, on file in the Bridge Preservation Office, WSDOT, Olympia, Washington.













Columbia River Bridge at kettle Falls, view From East August 1994 Photographer: Lawrence M. Jacobson



Columbia River Bridge at Kettle Falls - View From southwest August 1994 Photographer: Lawrence M. Jacdoson